LANGUAGE ACCESS PLAN FOR
LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENT INDIVIDUALS

State Agency: New York State Offices of the Inspector General

Effective Date of Plan: October 1, 2022

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This document is our agency’s Language Access Plan.

A Language Access Plan explains how we provide services to people who have limited English proficiency.

This Language Access Plan includes information about:

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<th>Icon</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>🕵️‍♂️</td>
<td>The Limited English Proficient (“LEP”) population in our service area.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔊</td>
<td>How we notify the public about language access services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🤓</td>
<td>Our resources and methods for providing language access services.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🗣️</td>
<td>How we train our staff to provide language access services to the public.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>🔍</td>
<td>How we monitor language access services and respond to complaints.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table of Contents

PART 1 – Our Agency’s Services .................................................................3
PART 2 – The Limited English Proficient Population in Our Service Area ..........3
PART 3 – Public Outreach About the Availability of Language Access Services ...5
PART 4 – Provision of Language Access Services ........................................6
PART 5 – Staff Training ..............................................................................12
PART 6 – Monitoring the Plan and Responding to Complaints .......................12
PART 7 – Signatures ................................................................................14
PART 1 – Our Agency’s Services

We prepared this Language Access Plan (“Plan”) to comply with New York State Executive Law Section 202-a, which establishes New York’s Statewide Language Access Policy. This Plan explains how we make sure that Limited English Proficient (“LEP”) individuals have meaningful access to agency services, programs, and activities.

In this Plan, LEP individuals are understood as people who do not speak English as their primary language and who have a limited ability to read, speak, write, or understand English.

Our agency’s services to the public include:

The Office of the New York State Inspector General [“NYSIG”], as established by Executive Law Article 4-A, is entrusted with the responsibility of ensuring that New York State government, its employees, and those who work with the State meet the highest standards of honesty, accountability, and efficiency.

The Office of the New York State Welfare Inspector General [“OWIG”], as established by section 74 of the Executive Law, is responsible for maintaining the integrity of New York State’s public assistance programs.

The Office of the New York State Workers’ Compensation Fraud Inspector General [“WCFIG”], as established by section 136 of the Workers’ Compensation Law, is responsible for investigating violations of the laws and regulations pertaining to the operation of the workers’ compensation system.

The Office of the Gaming Inspector General [“GIG”], as established by the Upstate New York Gaming and Economic Development Act, has the duty to receive and investigate complaints from any source concerning allegations of corruption, fraud, criminal activity, conflicts of interest or abuse in the Gaming Commission.

Collectively, the four offices are known as The Offices of the Inspector General [“OIG”].

OIG does not provide direct services to the general public, but instead interacts with individuals who allege or have knowledge of misconduct and other abuses listed above.

PART 2 – The Limited English Proficient Population in Our Service Area

The Statewide Language Access Policy requires state agencies to translate vital agency documents into the top 12 most commonly spoken non-English language
among limited English proficient New Yorkers. Our agency uses U.S. Census data (including data from the American Community Survey) to determine the top 12 languages most commonly spoken by LEP individuals in New York State.

The top 12 languages spoken by LEP individuals in New York State are:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>#</th>
<th>Language</th>
<th>Estimated Number of LEP Speakers</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Spanish</td>
<td>1,166,777</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Chinese</td>
<td>375,924</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Russian</td>
<td>119,160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Yiddish</td>
<td>71,740</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Bengali</td>
<td>66,980</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Haitian Creole</td>
<td>53,335</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Korean</td>
<td>51,285</td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Italian</td>
<td>44,128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Arabic</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Polish</td>
<td>33,125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>French</td>
<td>30,770</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Urdu</td>
<td>28,827</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

New York’s language access law also provides agencies, in consultation with the Office of Language Access, the option to add up to four more languages of translation beyond the top 12. The assessment about whether to include additional languages must be based on factors that are identified in the language access law. Our agency, in consultation with the Office of Language Access, has made the following determination with regard to the addition of languages beyond the top 12:

OIG’s assessment as to the necessity of additional languages of translation beyond the top 12 remains ongoing at this time. OIG, in consultation with the Office of Language Access, will update this Plan when this assessment has been completed and a final determination reached. OIG will continue to reassess the need for additional languages of translation on an ongoing basis.

Our agency tracks encounters with LEP individuals in the following ways:

OIG tracks its contacts with LEP individuals through three means: OIG’s Case Management Unit, OIG’s regional administrative staff, and OIG’s Finance Unit. While the LEP population OIG serves is fairly small, the majority of those contacts occur through OIG’s Case Management Unit (CMU), which processes complaint intake and contacts from the public. Along with information collected from CMU, OIG also cross references with regional administrative staff at each of its offices to further ascertain whether LEP individuals sought assistance via an in-person contact. Finally, OIG confers with its Finance Unit to see whether there were any other LEP services contracted for as a part of investigations or operations (for example, utilizing a translation service for documents).
The number of LEP individuals served by OIG annually is fairly small. Of the estimated 3,998 complaints received in 2021 by OIG, 4 complainants spoke Spanish and 2 spoke Mandarin. OIG has developed standardized protocols where all contacts with LEP individuals and their requested languages are tracked. The OIG Language Access Coordinator regularly tracks this data by monitoring usage and noting any deficiencies with CMU, regional administrative staff, and OIG Finance Unit monthly. This information is up-to-date and is reviewed for accuracy and efficiency periodically by OIG’s Chief of Staff and senior operations unit.

PART 3 – Public Outreach About the Availability of Language Access Services

Our agency informs LEP individuals about their right to free language assistance services in the following ways, using at least the top 12 languages shown in Part 2 of this Plan:

☑ LEP individuals are directly informed by our staff
  In which ways? LEP individuals who contact OIG (via phone or in person) are informed of free language assistance services, by either bilingual staff (who are fluent in the requested language) or through telephonic interpreting service.

☑ Signs posted about language assistance services
  ☑ In areas operated by the agency and open to the public

☐ Other (describe)

☑ Information is published on our agency’s website in at least the top 12 languages spoken by LEP individuals in New York State

☐ Outreach and presentations at schools, faith-based groups, and other community organizations
  What are the LEP populations targeted?

☐ Local, non-English language media directed at LEP individuals in their languages
  What are the LEP populations targeted?

☐ Social media posts directed at LEP individuals in their languages
  What are the LEP populations targeted?

☑ Telephonic voice menu providing information in non-English languages
  In which languages? Arabic, Bengali, Chinese, Haitian-Creole, Italian, Korean, Polish, Russian, Spanish, Yiddish, French and Urdu.

☐ Other (describe)
PART 4 – Provision of Language Access Services

A. Determining the Need for Services

During in person encounters, our agency uses the following tools to determine whether an individual is LEP, and what their primary language is:

☒ “I Speak” posters or visual aids that provide information about free interpreting services in multiple languages

☒ Reception staff make those determinations based on training and experience

☒ Bilingual staff members, where available, assist in identifying LEP individual’s language

☒ Other (describe) OIG’s trained Case Management Unit staff and/or trained investigators are staff most likely to interact with LEP individuals and make this determination in most cases. OIG investigators are equipped with “I Speak” information when in the field. Similarly, OIG’s training staff are equipped with “I Speak” information when conducting trainings at State agencies, as are any staff members conducting outreach and other presentations.

On telephone calls, our agency uses the following tools to find out if an individual is LEP, and what their primary language is:

☒ Reception staff make those determinations based on training and experience

☒ Bilingual staff members, where available, assist in identifying an LEP individual’s language

☒ Telephonic interpreting service

☐ Other (describe)

Our agency’s protocols for assessing whether an individual needs oral interpreting services in different service situations is as follows:

☒ During office in-person encounters: OIG’s trained Case Management Unit personnel, frontline staff or investigators first determine, if possible, the language spoken by the LEP individual. If OIG is unable to determine the individual’s language, OIG staff will utilize the “I Speak” information to facilitate language identification. Once the LEP individual’s language is determined, they are assisted by an OIG bilingual staff member, if available. When the LEP individual’s language is not among those spoken by a bilingual staff member, OIG staff connects the LEP individual with OIG’s free telephonic interpreting service.
At initial contact in the field: OIG staff are trained to first ask open-ended questions to determine language proficiency. In addition, all OIG staff have been provided with “I Speak” information to assist in determining the LEP individual’s requested language. When OIG staff is fluent in the requested language and is available to assist, that staff member will serve as an interpreter for the LEP individual. In the event the LEP individual’s requested language is not spoken by a bilingual staff member, OIG staff connects the LEP individual with OIG’s free telephonic interpreting service for assistance.

When speaking on the telephone: OIG assesses whether the LEP individual needs oral interpreting services when it becomes apparent that the individual does not speak English at a level that will allow them to interact effectively with the OIG staff. Trained Case Management Unit personnel, front-line staff or investigators first determine, if possible, the language spoken by the LEP individual. If a bilingual staff member is fluent in the language spoken by the LEP individual, the individual will receive immediate assistance from OIG staff. When the LEP individual’s language is not among those spoken by a bilingual staff member, OIG staff connects the LEP individual with OIG’s free telephonic interpreting service.

For pre-planned appointments with LEP individuals: Prior to meeting with LEP individuals, OIG informs the individual(s) of the availability of free interpreting services, either through a bilingual staff member who is fluent in the LEP individual’s language, or through an interpreting service.

Other (describe): Prior to conducting an interview of an LEP individual, OIG determines the primary language spoken by the LEP individual and solicits an in-person interpreting service available on the NYS Office of General Services (OGS) Statewide Administrative Services Contract to schedule an interview.

Our agency records and maintains documentation of each LEP individual’s language assistance needs as follows:

OIG has developed standardized protocols where all contacts with LEP individuals and their requested languages are tracked. The OIG Language Access Coordinator regularly tracks this data by monitoring usage and noting any deficiencies through contacts with CMU, regional administrative staff, and OIG Finance Unit monthly. This information is up-to-date and is reviewed for accuracy and efficiency periodically by OIG’s Chief of Staff and senior operations team.

B. Oral Interpreting Services

Our agency has made the following resources available for oral interpreting requests:

- Bilingual staff members who work directly with LEP individuals
  
  Number of staff and languages spoken:
☒ Bilingual staff members who provide oral interpreting services on a volunteer basis

**Number of staff and languages spoken:** Spanish (3), Russian (1), Ukrainian (1), Chinese (Mandarin and Shanghainese) (1).

☒ Telephonic interpreting service

**Vendors spoken:** OIG uses LinguaLinx and potentially any vendor under the NYS OGS Statewide Administrative Services Contract.

☐ Contracts or other arrangements with school and community organizations

**Number of staff and languages spoken:**

☐ Other (Describe)

**Our agency protocols for informing LEP individuals that free interpreting services will be provided and that they do not need to provide their own interpreters is as follows:**

☒ **During office in-person encounters:** OIG staff are trained to inform LEP individuals of OIG’s free interpreting services via bilingual OIG staff members or telephonic interpreting services.

☒ **At initial contact in the field:** OIG staff are trained to inform LEP individuals of OIG’s free interpreting services via bilingual OIG staff members or telephonic interpreting services.

☒ **When speaking on the telephone:** OIG staff are trained to inform LEP individuals of OIG’s free interpreting services via an OIG bilingual staff member or telephonic interpreting service.

☒ **For pre-planned appointments with LEP individuals:** OIG staff are trained to inform LEP individuals of OIG’s free interpreting services via bilingual OIG staff members, telephonic interpretation services (if appropriate), or through an in-person interpreting service.

☐ Other (describe):

**Our agency’s protocols for obtaining interpreting services in a timely manner is as follows:**

OIG has trained staff to promptly contact an interpreter in a timely manner upon request by an LEP individual or upon making a determination that an interpreter is needed. OIG only utilizes interpreting services listed on OGS-approved contracts, who guarantee what OIG determines to be an acceptable response time.

**If an LEP individual insists on using a family member, friend, or other person as an interpreter, our protocols for deciding whether to accept or decline such an arrangement is as follows:**

LEP individuals that come into contact with our agency will be informed of the availability of free interpreting services. Generally, an LEP individual may not use a family member, friend, or
minor as an interpreter. However, during emergencies an LEP individual will be permitted to use a minor, a family member, or friend as an interpreter. Upon request, an LEP individual may also be permitted to use a minor, a family member, or friend as an interpreter for routine matters such as asking the location of the office, hours of operation or rescheduling and appointment. Where the interaction with the LEP individual occurs at the agency’s office, and an individual is permitted to use an interpreter of their choosing, they must fill out a written consent/waiver form.

However, where an LEP individual is engaged in official business with our agency, including filling out applications, interviews, and/or when any legal or official matters are involved, an LEP individual will not be permitted to use an interpreter of their own choosing, as discussed above. Instead, OIG will provide an independent interpreter.

Our agency provides information to all staff members who have contact with the public about how to obtain oral interpreting services. Our protocol in this regard is as follows:

At the beginning of employment all OIG staff are provided with instructions on obtaining interpretation services. New staff are also directed to OIG’s intranet with instructions to review and understand all staff content, which includes OIG’s Language Access Plan. Moreover, OIG’s Chief Counsel or their designee provides annual all-staff training on OIG’s Language Access Plan, which includes procedures for obtaining language-access services, as well as broader training topics on cultural sensitivity, inclusion, and confidentiality. New York State’s Statewide Learning Management System also provides an annual training module on language access, which contains information about how to obtain oral interpreting services.

The agency’s Language Access Coordinator ("LAC") maintains a list of oral interpreting resources that are available to staff. This resource list includes:

☒ Names and contact information for all resources
☒ Names and locations of staff members who are available to act as interpreters or provide services directly in an LEP individual’s primary language
☒ Languages in which each interpreter or service is qualified
☒ Procedures for accessing each interpreter or service

Our agency records and maintains documentation of oral interpreting services provided to LEP individuals at each encounter. Our protocol in this regard is as follows:

OIG has developed standardized protocols where all contacts with LEP individuals and their requested languages are tracked. The OIG Language Access Coordinator regularly tracks this data by monitoring usage and noting any deficiencies through contacts with CMU, regional administrative staff, and OIG Finance Unit monthly. This information is up-to-date and is reviewed for accuracy and efficiency periodically by OIG’s Chief of Staff and senior operations team.

Cultural Competence and Confidentiality
Our agency makes sure interpreters are culturally competent\(^1\) in the following ways:

The linguistic competence of bilingual staff is self-assessed. Cultural competence, cultural sensitivity, inclusion, and confidentiality are topics covered in OIG staff trainings. Where the agency utilizes independent interpreting services, that vendor will implement quality assurance standards to guarantee that its interpreters are trained and are linguistically and culturally competent, as in accordance with vendor requirements on all New York State-approved vendor interpretation services contracts and in accordance with New York State Law.

Our agency makes sure interpreters follow state and federal confidentiality protocols in the following ways:

Where the agency utilizes independent interpreting services, that vendor must adhere to and enforce confidentiality standards that are also in accordance with New York State-approved vendor interpretation services contracts and New York State Law.

C. Translations of Documents

At least every two years after the effective date of this Plan, our agency determines and reassesses vital documents\(^2\) that must be translated. This process is accomplished in the following ways:

The Language Access Assessment Team is comprised of the Language Access Coordinator, Chief Counsel, Chief of Staff, Deputy Chief of Staff, Deputy Director of Finance, Director of IT, Chief of Investigations for the Case Management Unit, and communications staff. Its mission includes reassessing language access internal operations, vendors, OIG’s documents and website content every two years.

Our agency’s process for making sure documents are written in plain language\(^3\) before they are translated into other languages is as follows:

Members of OIG’s Language Access Assessment Team are tasked with ensuring that documents are written in plain language before they are translated into other languages.

Our agency has the following resources available for translation of documents:

☒ Contracts with vendors for translation services

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\(^2\) Vital Documents is defined as any paper or digital document that contains information that is critical for obtaining agency services or benefits or is otherwise required to be completed by law.

\(^3\) The Plain Writing Act of 2010 defines plain language as writing that is clear, concise, well-organized, and follows other best practices appropriate to the subject or field and intended audience. Extracted from: https://www.govinfo.gov/app/details/PLAW-111publ274
**Vendors:** Vendors assigned under OGS Statewide Administrative Services Contract.

- ☐ Contracts or other arrangements with schools and community organizations
  
  **Names of schools/organizations:**

- ☐ Translation of documents by bilingual staff members

- ☐ Other (describe)

The agency’s Language Access Coordinator ("LAC") maintains a list of translation resources that are available to staff. This resource list includes:

- ☒ Names and contact information for all resources
- ☒ Names and locations of staff members who are available to provide translations of documents
- ☒ Languages in which each translation service is qualified
- ☒ Procedures for accessing each translation service

Our agency translates documents that LEP individuals submit in their primary languages in a timely manner. Our protocol in this regard is as follows:

OIG will solicit an outside translation service who must guarantee a reasonable response time in the translation of documents.

The following non-exhaustive list of documents are currently translated or in the process of translation by our agency in the languages indicated. Documents with an asterisk (*) are determined by the agency to be vital documents.

- AR: Arabic
- BE: Bengali
- CH: Chinese
- FR: French
- HA: Haitian-Creole
- IT: Italian
- KO: Korean
- PO: Polish
- RU: Russian
- SP: Spanish
- UR: Urdu
- YI: Yiddish

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form #</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Top 12 Languages</th>
<th>Additional Languages</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>*OIG Complaint Form</td>
<td></td>
<td>AR   BE   CH   FR   HA   IT   KO   PO   RU   SP   UR   YI</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
New documents identified for translation after the signing of this Plan and before the 2-year reassessment will be translated in a timely manner.

The process for ensuring that translations are accurate and incorporate commonly used words is as follows:

OIG will ensure that plain language is used in materials produced before translation to ensure information is accessible to a broad range of literacy levels. OIG through its vendor will ensure that proofing/editing for both correctness and cultural sensitivity are vital components of the translation services provided.

PART 5 – Staff Training

The person in the agency who is responsible for training staff in language access services is:
The Language Access Coordinator and members of the Language Access Assessment Team.

The staff training includes the following components:
☒ The agency’s legal obligations to provide language access services
☒ The agency’s resources for providing language access services
☒ How to access and work with interpreters
☒ Cultural competence and cultural sensitivity
☒ How to obtain translation services
☒ Maintaining records of language access services provided to LEP individuals

The methods and frequency of training are as follows:

OIG has added Language Access training as part of OIG’s annual staff training curriculum. New staff are trained in Language Access as they are hired. OIG’s Chief Counsel and Chief of Staff utilize, and incorporate information obtained from OIG’s Language Access Plan into the annual staff training. In addition to OIG’s front-line staff, all OIG staff are required on an annual basis to complete the Office of Employee Relations’ online Language Access training available through the Statewide Learning Management System.

PART 6 – Monitoring the Plan and Responding to Complaints

A. Monitoring

Our agency’s Language Access Coordinator (“LAC”) will monitor implementation of the Plan to make sure we are in compliance. Our protocols in this regard are as follows:
Monitoring of compliance with the Language Access Plan includes monthly meetings with offices to assess compliance, concerns, and needs; ensuring annual training is completed by staff; and ongoing communication with the Language Access Committee.

B. Complaints

We provide information to the public in at least the top 12 most commonly spoken non-English languages in the state, advising members of the public of their right to file a complaint if they feel that they have not been provided adequate language access services or have been denied access to services because of their limited English proficiency. We do not retaliate or take other adverse action because an individual has filed a language access complaint.

We display information on the right to file a complaint, and the procedures for filing a complaint, in the following manner:

The standardized complaint forms, along with the procedures for filing a complaint, are available in all 12 languages in our public offices upon request. The complaint forms are also available for download or online submission through our website. Additionally, information on the right to file a complaint is posted in the top 12 languages on our website and in our offices in areas where it can be easily seen by the public.

We handle complaints made to the agency regarding the provision of language assistance services in the following manner:

Complaints made to OIG regarding the provision of language assistance services are directed to OIG’s Chief of Staff and Chief Counsel for review and handling, and if need be, with the assistance of the Division of Equal Opportunity Development.

All complaints must be timely forwarded to the Office of Language Access.
### PART 7 – Signatures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Head of Agency</td>
<td>Lucy Saxton</td>
<td>Inspector General</td>
<td>9:22:22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Language Access Coordinator</td>
<td>Patricia Wojchowski</td>
<td>Language Access Coordinator</td>
<td>9/22/2022</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Agency LAC</td>
<td></td>
<td>Title</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Executive Director, NYS Office of Language Access</td>
<td></td>
<td>Title</td>
<td>09/29/2022</td>
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