## Attachment 13

## NYSDOT Work Zone Traffic Control Drawings

## CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

Notes:

1. In urban conditions, advance warning sign spacings may be adjusted in order to accomodate side streets and driveways.
2. Centerline cones may be added to enhance the visibility of the flagger station. If cones are used, place them 100 ft . (minimum) from flagger.
3. Flagger Symbol Sign (W20-7) and "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" Sign (W20-4) shall be removed, covered or turned away from road users when flagging operations are not occuring.
4. Should the traffic queue prior to the advance warning signs, the 'BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign can be added to the sign series at location shown or the entire advance warning sign series shall be moved to a location prior to the queued traffic.
5. If condition warrants, Barrier Vehicle with appropriate roll ahead distance may be used in advance of the work area. To use Barrier Vehicle, Buffer Space shall be provided accordingly.
6. For moving flagging operation, refer to TAST-CMF.

| TABLE 1 : ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roadway |  | DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNS |  |  |
|  |  | A (FT.) | B(FT.) | C(FT.) |
| URBAN LOW ( $\leq 30 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 30 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| URBAN | 35 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| (35-40 MPH) | 40 |  |  |  |
| URBAN HIGH ( $\geq 45 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 45 | 350 | 350 | 350 |
| RURAL |  | 500 | 500 | 500 |


| TABLE 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 25 | 155 ( ~4 Skip Lines) |
| 30 | 200 (~5 Skip Lines) |
| 35 | 250 (~6 Skip Lines) |
| 40 | 305 (~8 Skip Lines) |
| 45 | 360 (~9 Skip Lines) |
| 50 | 425 (~11 Skip Lines) |
| 55 | 495 (~13 Skip Lines) |



| TABLE 3: REQUIRED SIGN SIZES* |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIGN | CONVENTIONAL HIGHWAY | FREEWAY/EXPRESSWAY |
| W20-7 | $36 X 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W20-1 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W20-4 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W3-4 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| G20-2 | $36 \times 18 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 24 \mathrm{in}$. |
| *Freeway/Expressway sizes may be used on Conventional Highways, if space constraints do not exist. |  |  |



[^0]NYSDOT

## WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL

SHORT TERM STATIONARY
OPERATION INVOLVING
DAYTIME
LANE CLOSURE WITH FLAGGERS
ON
TWO LANE CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

## CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

Notes:

1. In urban conditions, advance warning sign spacings may be adjusted in order to accomodate side streets and driveways.
2. Centerline cones may be added to enhance the visibility of the flagger station. If cones are used, place them 100 ft . (minimum) from flagger.
3. Flagger Symbol Sign (W20-7) and "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" Sign (W20-4) shall be removed, covered or turned away from road users when flagging operations are not occuring.
4. Should the traffic queue prior to the advance warning signs, the "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign can be added to the sign series at location shown or the entire advance warning sign series shall be moved to a location prior to the queued traffic.
5. If condition warrants, Barrier Vehicle with appropriate roll ahead distance may be used in advance of the work area. To use Barrier Vehicle, Buffer Space shall be provided accordingly.

| TABLE 1 : ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roadway |  | DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNS |  |  |
|  |  | A (FT.) | B(FT.) | C(FT.) |
| URBAN LOW ( $\leq 30 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 30 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| URBAN | 35 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| ( $35-40 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 40 |  |  |  |
| URBAN HIGH ( $\geq 45 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 45 | 350 | 350 | 350 |
| RURAL |  | 500 | 500 | 500 |


| TABLE 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 25 | 155 ( ~4 Skip Lines) |
| 30 | 200 (~5 Skip Lines) |
| 35 | 250 (~6 Skip Lines) |
| 40 | 305 (~8Skip Lines) |
| 45 | 360 (~9 Skip Lines) |
| 50 | 425 (~11 Skip Lines) |
| 55 | 495 (~13 Skip Lines) |


| TABLE 3: REQUIRED SIGN SIZES* |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIGN | CONVENTIONAL HIGHWAY | FREEWAY/EXPRESSWAY |
| W20-7 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W20-1 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W20-4 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W3-4 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| G20-2 | $36 \times 18 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 24 \mathrm{in}$. |

*Freeway/Expressway sizes may be used on Conventional Highways, if space constraints do not exist.


Work Area

| NYSDOT |
| :---: |
| WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL |
| SHORT TERM STATIONARY |
| OPERATION INVOLVING |
| DAYTIME |
| LANE CLOSURE PRIOR TO AN |
| ON |
| INTERSECTION WITH FLAGGER CONTROL |
| TWO LANE CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY |
| DECEMBER 2019 TAST-C2 $2019 \mathrm{~V} .01 \quad$ |

## CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

Notes:

1. In urban conditions, advance warning sign spacings may be adjusted in order to accomodate side streets and driveways.
2. This typical application shall be used with both Red/Yellow Lens Automated Flagger Assistance Devices (AFAD) and STOP/SLOW AFADs.
3. AFADs shall only be used in situations where there is only one lane of approaching traffic in the direction to be controlled.
4. The operator of the AFAD SHALL:
a. Be trained on the operation of the model AFAD they are using,
b. Have an unobstructed view of the AFAD,
c. Have an unobstructed view of approaching traffic in BOTH directions, and
d. Not leave the $\operatorname{AFAD}(\mathrm{s})$ unattended at any time while the $\operatorname{AFAD}(\mathrm{s})$ is being used.
5. The AFAD shall be placed on the shoulder adjacent to the travel lane ensuring that the gate arm reaches at least to the center of the lane being controlled.
6. Cones/drums may be placed on the shoulder and/or centerline to assist/guide road users with proper lane position/alignment.
7. The operator of the AFAD shall not display the AFAD's SLOW face or Yellow lens phase until all oncoming vehicles have cleared the one-lane portion of the work zone.
8. The operator of the AFAD shall maintain verbal and/or visual (in the absence of two-way radios) contact with the flagger.
9. "Flagger Symbol Sign" (W20-7), "BE PREPARED TO STOP" Sign (W3-4) and "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" Sign (W20-4) shall be removed, covered or turned away from road users when flagging operations are not occurring.
10. Appropriate flagger tools (STOP/SLOW paddle, red flag, high visibility apparel, etc.) shall be on-site, available and ready to use in the event of an AFAD malfunction or traffic volumes exceed the capability of the AFAD to effectively control traffic.

| TABLE 1 : ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roadway |  | DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNS |  |  |
|  |  | A (FT.) | B(FT.) | C(FT.) |
| URBAN LOW ( $\leq 30 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 30 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| URBAN | 35 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| ( $35-40 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 40 |  |  |  |
| URBAN HIGH ( $\geq 45 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 45 | 350 | 350 | 350 |
| RURAL |  | 500 | 500 | 500 |


| BLE 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 25 | 155 ( $\sim 4$ Skip Lines) |
| 30 | 200 ( $\sim 5$ Skip Lines) |
| 35 | 250 (~6 Skip Lines) |
| 40 | 305 (~8 Skip Lines) |
| 45 | 360 (~9 Skip Lines) |
| 50 | 425 ( $\sim 11$ Skip Lines) |
| 55 | 495 ( $\sim 13$ Skip Lines) |


| TABLE 3: REQUIRED SIGN SIZES* |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIGN | CONVENTINALHIGHWAY | FREEWAY/EXPRESSWAY |
| W20-7 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W20-1 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W20-4 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W3-4 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| G20-2 | $36 \times 18 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 24 \mathrm{in}$. |

*Freeway/Expessway sies may be used on Conventional Highway, ifspace constraints do note exist.


W20-4
 Work Area


G20-2 This sign shall be located a Maximum
$36 \times 18$ in. distance of $500^{\prime}$ (12 Skip Lines) past the work area.


DECEMBER 2019
TAST-C3OF

## CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

Notes:

1. In urban conditions, advance warning sign spacings may be adjusted in order to accomodate side streets and driveways.
2. This typical application shall be used with both Red/Yellow Lens Automated Flagger Assistance Devices (AFAD) and STOP/SLOW AFADs.
3. AFADs shall only be used in situations where there is only one lane of approaching traffic in the direction to be controlled.
4. The operator of the AFAD SHALL:
a. Be trained on the operation of the model AFAD they are using,
b. Have an unobstructed view of the AFAD,
c. Have an unobstructed view of approaching traffic in BOTH directions, and
d. Not leave the AFAD(s) unattended at any time while the AFAD(s) is being used.
5. The AFAD shall be placed on the shoulder adjacent to the travel lane ensuring that the gate arm reaches at least to the center of the lane being controlled.
6. Cones/drums may be placed on the shoulder and/or centerline to assist/guide road users with proper lane position/alignment.
7. The operator of the AFAD shall not display the AFAD's SLOW face or Yellow lens phase until all oncoming vehicles have cleared the one-lane portion of the work zone.
8. "BE PREPARED TO STOP" Sign (W3-4) and "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" Sign (W20-4) shall be removed, covered or turned away from road users when flagging operations are not occurring.
9. Appropriate flagger tools (STOP/SLOW paddle, red flag, high visibility apparel, etc.) shall be on-site, available and ready to use in the event of an AFAD malfunction or traffic volumes exceed the capability of the AFAD to effectively control traffic.

| TABLE 1 : ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roadway |  | DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNS |  |  |
|  |  | A (FT.) | B(FT.) | C(FT.) |
| URBAN LOW ( $\leq 30 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 30 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| URBAN | 35 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| ( $35-40 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 40 |  |  |  |
| URBAN HIGH <br> ( $\geq 45 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 45 | 350 | 350 | 350 |
| RURAL |  | 500 | 500 | 500 |


| TABLE 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
| 25 | 155 ( ~4 Skip Lines) |
| 30 | 200 (~5 Skip Lines) |
| 35 | 250 (~6 Skip Lines) |
| 40 | 305 (~8 Skip Lines) |
| 45 | 360 (~9 Skip Lines) |
| 50 | 425 (~11 Skip Lines) |
| 55 | 495 (~13 Skip Lines) |


| TABLE 3: REQUIRED SIGN SIZES* |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIGN | CONVENTIONAL <br> HIGHWAY | FREEWAY/ <br> EXPRESSWAY |
| W20-7 | 36X36 in. | $48 \times 48$ in. |
| W20-1 | 36X36 in. | $48 \times 48$ in. |
| W20-4 | 36X36 in. | $48 \times 48$ in. |
| W3-4 | 36X18 in. | 48X48 in. |
| G20-2 | 36X18 in. | 48X24 in. |
| *Freeway/Expressway sizes may be used |  |  |
| on Conventional Highways |  |  |



IFB \#23218
Page 5 of 13
NOT TO SCALE

## CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

Notes:

1. Short-term stationary is daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.
2. In urban conditions, advance warning sign spacing may be adjusted in order to accomodate side streets and driveways.
3. There shall be no workers, equipment or other vehicles in the buffer space or the roll ahead distance.
4. The Barrier Vehicle (and Advance Warning Vehicle(s) where appropriate) shall maintain the appropriate Roll-Ahead Distance, be an unoccupied truck, positioned parallel to traffic, parking brake set, placed in 2nd gear (Park / Neutral), have the wheels aligned with the lane striping and lane to maintain lane discipline and to stay in lane if struck.
5. If using BOTH a Barrier Vehicle and a Buffer Space, first place the Barrier Vehicle at the required roll-ahead distance from the work area, and the provide as much Buffer Space as practical.
6. Depending upon the activitiy being performed and the work space needed for the operation, closing adjacent lane should be considered.

| TABLE 1: ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roadway |  | DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNS |  |
|  |  | A (FT.) | B (FT.) |
| URBAN LOW ( $\leq 30 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 30 | 100 | 100 |
| URBAN | 35 | 200 | 200 |
| ( $35-40 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 40 |  |  |
| URBAN HIGH ( $\geq 45 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 45 | 350 | 350 |
| RURAL |  | 500 | 500 |



| TABLE 3: REQUIRED SIGN SIZES* |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIGN | CONVENTIONAL <br> HIGHWAY | FREEWAY/ <br> EXPRESSWAY |
| W20-1 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W9-3 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| R4-7 | $24 \times 30 \mathrm{in}$. | $36 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| G20-2 | $36 \times 18 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 24 \mathrm{in}$. |
| *Freeway/Expressway sizes may be used on <br> Conventional Highways, if space constraints do not exist. |  |  |



NYSDOT
WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL SHORT TERM STATIONARY

OPERATION INVOLVING
two-way Left turn Lane closure ON
CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY


## CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY

Notes:

1. Barrier vehicles are not required for flagging operations. A buffer space may be provided where traffic conditions allow
2. Centerline cones are required.
3. Flagger Symbol Sign (W20-7) and "ONE LANE ROAD AHEAD" Sign (W20-4) shall be removed, covered or turned away from road users when flagging operations are not occurring.
4. Should the traffic queue up prior to the advance warning signs,the "BE PREPARED TO STOP" sign can be added to the sign series and shall be moved to a location prior to the queued traffic.
5. LED stop/slow paddles are required for this operation.

| Speed Limit | Buffer Space |
| :---: | :---: |
| 30 | 200' (5 Skip Lines) |
| 35 | $250 '(\sim 6$ Skip Lines) |
| 40 | $305^{\prime}(\sim 8$ Skip Lines) |
| 45 | $360^{\prime}$ (9 Skip Lines) |
| 50 | $425^{\prime}(\sim 11$ Skip Lines) |
| 55 | $495^{\prime}(\sim 13$ Skip Lines) |



| NYSDOT |
| :---: |
| WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL |
| SHORT-TERM STATIONARY |
| OPERATION INVOLVING |
| DAYTIME |
| LANE CLOSURE WITH MOVING |
| FLAGGERS |
| ON |
| RURAL |
| TWO-LANE TWO-WAY |
| CONVENTIONAL ROADWAY |
| Oev. 209v.02 |
| OCTOBER 2019 TAST-CMF |

## ALL ROADWAYS

Notes:

1. Short-term stationary is daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.
2. In urban conditions, advance warning sign spacings may be adjusted in order to accomodate side streets and driveways.
3. There shall be no workers, equipment or other vehicles in the buffer space or the roll ahead distance.
4. The Barrier Vehicle (and Advance Warning Vehicle(s) where appropriate) shall maintain the appropriate Roll-Ahead Distance, be an unoccupied truck, positioned parallel to traffic, parking brake set, placed in 2nd gear (Park / Neutral), have the wheels aligned with the lane striping and lane to maintain lane discipline and to stay in lane if struck.
5. Barrier Vehicle and TMIA are required if speeds are 45 mph or greater. Barrier Vehicle is required and TMIA is recommended if speeds are less than 45 mph .

| Roadway |  | DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNS |  |  | SIGN LEGEND |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A (FT.) | B(FT.) | C(FT.) | xx | YY |
| URBAN LOW ( $\leq 30 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 30 | 100 | 100 | 100 | AHEAD | AHEAD |
| URBAN | 35 | 200 | 200 | 200 |  |  |
| ( $35-40 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |
| URBAN HIGH ( $\geq 45 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 45 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 1000 FT. | AHEAD |
| RURAL |  | 500 | 500 | 500 | 1500 FT . | 1000 FT . |
| Expressway /Freeway |  | 1000 | 1500 | 2640 | 1 MILE | 1/2 MILE |


| table 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | longitudinal buffer space in ft | ROLL <br> AHEAD DISTANCE IN FT |  | LANE TAPER: L(IN FT.) /\# SKIP LINES/\# OF CONES |  |  | SHOULDER TAPER: L/3 (IN FT.) /\# SKIP LINES/\# OF CONES |  |
|  |  |  |  | FOR LANE WIDTH |  |  | FOR SHOULDER WIDTH |  |
|  |  | MIN | MAX | 10 FT | 11 FT | 12 FT | Less than 8 FT. (MIN -MAX) | 8 FTOR WIDER (MIN) |
| 25 | 155 (~4 Skip Lines) | 50 | 100 | 120/3/4 | 120/3/4 | 140/3/5 | 20/1/2-40/1/2 | 40/1/2 |
| 30 | 200 (~5 Skip Lines) |  |  | 160/4/5 | 180/5/6 | 180/5/6 | 20/1/2-40/1/2 | 40/1/2 |
| 35 | 250 (~6 Skip Lines) |  |  | 220/6/7 | 240/6/7 | 260/7/8 | 40/1/2-60/2/3 | 80/2/3 |
| 40 | 305 (~8 Skip Lines) |  |  | 280/7/8 | 300/8/9 | 320/8/9 | 40/1/2-60/2/3 | 80/2/3 |
| 45 | 360 ( 9 Skip Lines) | 75 | 150 | 460/12/12 | 500/13/13 | 540/14/14 | 60/2/3-100/3/4 | 120/3/4 |
| 50 | 425 (~11 Skip Lines) |  |  | 500/13/14 | 560/14/15 | 600/15/16 | 80/2/3-100/3/4 | 140/4/5 |
| 55 | 495 (~13 Skip Lines) | 100 | 200 | 560/14/15 | 620/16/17 | 660/17/18 | 80/2/3-120/3/4 | 160/4/5 |
| 65 | 645(~16 Skip Lines) |  |  | 660/17/18 | 720/18/19 | 780/20/21 | 100/3/4-140/4/5 | 180/5/6 |


| TABLE 3: REQUIRED SIGN SIZES* |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIGN | CONVENTIONAL <br> HIGHWAY | FREEWAY/ <br> EXPRESSWAY |
| W20-1 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W20-5R | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W4-2R | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| NYW8-33 | $48 \times 24 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 24 \mathrm{in}$. |
| G20-2 | $36 \times 18 \mathrm{in}$ |  |
| $48 \times 24 \mathrm{in}$ |  |  |
| *Freeway/Expressway sizes may be used on |  |  |
| Conventional Highways, if space constraints do not exist. |  |  |



WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL


MULTI-LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY

## ALL ROADWAYS

Notes:
TAST-CE2

1. Short-term stationary is daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.
2. In urban conditions, advance warning sign spacings may be adjusted in order to accomodate side streets and driveways.
3. There shall be no workers, equipment or other vehicles in the buffer space or the roll ahead distance.
4. The Barrier Vehicle (and Advance Warning Vehicle(s) where appropriate) shall maintain the appropriate Roll-Ahead Distance, be an unoccupied truck, positioned parallel to traffic, parking brake set, placed in 2nd gear (Park / Neutral), have the wheels aligned with the lane striping and lane to maintain lane discipline and to stay in lane if struck.
5. Barrier Vehicle and TMIA are required if speeds are 45 mph or greater. Barrier Vehicle is required and TMIA is recommended if speeds are less than 45 mph .


| TABLE 3: REQUIRED SIGN SIZES* |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIGN | CONVENTIONAL <br> HIGHWAY | FREEWAY/ <br> EXPRESSWAY |
| W20-1 | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W20-5aR | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| W4-2R | $36 \times 36 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 48 \mathrm{in}$. |
| NYW8-33 | $48 \times 24 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 24 \mathrm{in}$. |
| G20-2 | $36 \times 18 \mathrm{in}$. | $48 \times 24 \mathrm{in}$. |
| *Freeway/Expressway sizes may be used on <br> Conventional Highways, if space constraints do not exist. |  |  |


\section*{| $\begin{array}{c}\text { END } \\ \text { ROAD WORK }\end{array}$ G20-2_ - $\begin{array}{l}\text { This sign shall be located a Maximum } \\ \text { distance of } 500^{\prime} \text { (12 Skip Lines) past } \\ \text { the work area }\end{array}$ |
| :---: | the work area.}

ROAD
WHEAD
AHEAD
W20-1

(18x18in.Min. Warning Flags Required )


Work Area
$\Delta$ Barrier Vehicle with TMIA


Arrow Panel (Caution Mode)

NYSDOT
WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL

## SHORT TERM STATIONARY

OPERATION INVOLVING
RIGHT TWO LANE CLOSURE ON
MULTI-LANE DIVIDED ROADWAY DECEMBER 2019 TAST-CE2


## Notes:

1. Short-term stationary is daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.
2. In urban conditions, advance warning sign spacing may be reduced to a 100 FT. (Min.) in order to accomodate side streets and driveways.
3. There shall be no workers, equipment or other vehicles in the buffer space or the roll ahead distance.
4. The Barrier Vehicle shall maintain the appropriate Roll-Ahead Distance, be an unoccupied truck, positioned parallel to traffic, parking brake set, placed in 2nd gear (Park/Neutral), have the wheels aligned with lane striping and lane to maintain lane discipline and to stay in lane if struck.
5. Barrier Vehicle and TMIA are required if speeds are 45 mph or higher. Barrier Vehicle is

| TABLE 1 : ADVANCE WARNING SIGN SPACING |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Roadway |  | DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNS |  |  |
|  |  | A (FT.) | B(FT.) | C(FT.) |
| URBAN LOW ( $\leq 30 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 30 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| URBAN | 35 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| ( $35-40 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 40 |  |  |  |
| URBAN HIGH ( $\geq 45 \mathrm{MPH}$ ) | 45 | 350 | 350 | 350 |
| RURAL |  | 500 | 500 | 500 | required and TMIA is recommended if speeds are less than 45 mph .

6. Side road traffic control may be modified depending on available site distance.


| TABLE 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | LONGITUDINAL BUFFER SPACE IN FT | ROLL AHEAD DISTANCE IN FT |  | LANE TAPER : L (IN FT. ) /\# SKIP LINES/\# OF CONES |  |  | SHOULDER TAPER:L/3 (IN FT.) /\# SKIP LINES/\# OF CONES |
|  |  |  |  | FOR LANE WIDTH |  |  | FOR SHOULDER WIDTH |
|  |  | MIN | MAX | 10 FT | 11 FT | 12 FT | Less than 8 FT . <br> (MIN -MAX) |
| 25 | 155 (~4 Skip Lines) | 50 | 100 | 120/3/4 | 120/3/4 | 140/3/5 | 20/1/2-40/1/2 |
| 30 | 200 (~5 Skip Lines) |  |  | 160/4/5 | 180/5/6 | 180/5/6 | 20/1/2-40/1/2 |
| 35 | 250 ( $\sim 6$ Skip Lines) |  |  | 220/6/7 | 240/6/7 | 260/7/8 | 40/1/2-60/2/3 |
| 40 | 305 (~8 Skip Lines) |  |  | 280/7/8 | 300/8/9 | 320/8/9 | 40/1/2-60/2/3 |
| 45 | 360 (~9 Skip Lines) | 75 | 150 | 460/12/12 | 500/13/13 | 540/14/14 | 60/2/3-100/3/4 |
| 50 | 425 ( ${ }^{\sim} 11$ Skip Lines) |  |  | 500/13/14 | 560/14/15 | 600/15/16 | 80/2/3-100/3/4 |
| 55 | 495 ( ${ }^{\sim} 13$ Skip Lines) | 100 | 200 | 560/14/15 | 620/16/17 | 660/17/18 | 80/2/3-120/3/4 |


| TABLE 3: REQUIRED SIGN SIZES* |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SIGN | CONVENTIONAL <br> HIGHWAY | FREEWAY/ <br> EXPRESSWAY |
| W20-1 | $36 \times 36$ in. | $48 \times 48$ in. |
| W20-5R | $36 \times 36$ in. | $48 \times 48$ in. |
| W4-2R | $36 \times 36$ in. | $48 \times 48$ in. |
| G20-2 | $36 \times 18$ in. | $48 \times 24$ in. |
| NYW8-33 | $48 \times 24$ in. | $48 \times 24$ in. |

*Freeway/Expressway sizes may be used on Conventional Highways, if space constraints do not exist.

\#23218
NOT TO SCALE

## FREEWAY OR EXPRESSWAY

## Notes:

1. Short-term stationary is daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.
2. The Barrier Vehicle (and Advance Warning Vehicle(s) where appropriate) shall maintain the appropriate Roll-Ahead Distance, be an unoccupied truck, positioned parallel to traffic, parking brake set, placed in 2nd gear (Park / Neutral), have the wheels aligned with the lane striping and lane to maintain lane discipline and to stay in lane if struck.
3. There shall be no workers, equipment, or other vehicles in the buffer space or the roll ahead distance.

| Speed Limit <br> $(\mathrm{mph})$ | Buffer Space |
| :---: | :---: |
| 50 | 425 ' (~11 Skip <br> Lines |
| 55 | 495 ( $(\sim 13$ Skip <br> Lines |
| 65 | 645 ' (~16 Skip <br> Lines |




Work Area


Barrier Vehicle with TMIA


Notes:

1. Short-term stationary is daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.
2. The Barrier Vehicle (and Advance Warning Vehicle(s) where appropriate) shall maintain the appropriate Roll-Ahead Distance, be an unoccupied truck, positioned parallel to traffic, parking brake set, placed in 2nd gear (Park / Neutral), have the wheels aligned with the lane striping and lane to maintain lane discipline and to stay in lane if struck.
3. There shall be no workers, equipment, or other vehicles in the buffer space or the roll ahead distance.

| Speed <br> Limit <br> (MPH) | Merging Taper Lengths <br> Based on Lane Shift |  | Shoulder <br> Taper <br> from 4'-6' |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $10^{\prime}$ | $11^{\prime}$ | $12^{\prime}$ |
| Shift |  |  |  |$|$| 45 | $450^{\prime}$ | $495^{\prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $540^{\prime}$ | $60^{\prime}-90^{\prime}$ |  |
| 50 | $500^{\prime}$ | $550^{\prime}$ |
| $600^{\prime}$ | $70^{\prime}-100^{\prime}$ |  |
| 55 | $550^{\prime}$ | $605^{\prime}$ |
| $660^{\prime}$ | $75^{\prime}-110^{\prime}$ |  |
| 65 | $650^{\prime}$ | $715^{\prime}$ |
| $760^{\prime}$ | $90^{\prime}-130^{\prime}$ |  |


| Speed <br> Limit | Buffer Space |
| :---: | :---: |
| 45 | $360^{\prime}$ (9 Skip Lines) |
| 50 | $425^{\prime}(\sim 11$ Skip Lines $)$ |
| 55 | $495^{\prime}(\sim 13$ Skip Lines $)$ |
| 65 | $645^{\prime}(\sim 16$ Skip Lines $)$ |

This sign shall be located

| END |
| :---: |
| ROAD WORK |

G20-2 a Maximum distance of $48 \times 24$ in. $500^{\prime}$ (12 Skip Lines) past the work area.


NYW8-33
$48 \times 24$ in.

W20-1
$18 " \times 18^{\prime \prime}$
$48 \times 48$ in. (Minimum) Warning Flags


Work Area


Arrow Panel
(Caution Mode)
Barrier Vehicle with TMIA

## NYSDOT <br> WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL

SHORT TERM STATIONARY OPERATION INVOLVING
LEFT LANE CLOSURE
(PAVED SHOULDER LESS THAN 8 FT.) ON
FREEWAY OR EXPRESSWAY


IFB \#23218
Page 12 of 13

Notes:

1. Short-term stationary is daytime work that occupies a location for more than 1 hour within a single daylight period.
2. The Barrier Vehicle (and Advance Warning Vehicle(s) where appropriate) shall maintain the appropriate Roll-Ahead Distance, be an unoccupied truck, positioned parallel to traffic, parking brake set, placed in 2nd gear (Park / Neutral), have the wheels aligned with the lane striping and lane to maintain lane discipline and to stay in lane if struck.
3. There shall be no workers, equipment, or other vehicles in the buffer space or the roll ahead distance.

| Speed <br> Limit <br> (MPH) | Merging Taper Lengths <br> Based on Lane Shift |  |  | Shoulder <br> Taper <br> from 4'-6' |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $10^{\prime}$ | $11^{\prime}$ | $12^{\prime}$ | Shift |$|$| 45 | $450^{\prime}$ | $495^{\prime}$ | $540^{\prime}$ | $60^{\prime}-90^{\prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 50 | $500^{\prime}$ | $550^{\prime}$ | $600^{\prime}$ | $70^{\prime}-100^{\prime}$ |
| 55 | $550^{\prime}$ | $605^{\prime}$ | $660^{\prime}$ | $75^{\prime}-110^{\prime}$ |
| 65 | $650^{\prime}$ | $715^{\prime}$ | $760^{\prime}$ | $90^{\prime}-130^{\prime}$ |


| Speed <br> Limit | Buffer Space |
| :---: | :---: |
| 45 | $360^{\prime}$ (9 Skip Lines) |
| 50 | $425^{\prime}(\sim 11$ Skip Lines) |
| 55 | $495^{\prime}(\sim 13$ Skip Lines) |
| 65 | $645^{\prime}(\sim 16$ Skip Lines $)$ |



## NYSDOT <br> WORK ZONE TRAFFIC CONTROL

## SHORT TERM STATIONARY OPERATION INVOLVING LEFT TWO LANE CLOSURE (PAVED SHOULDER LESS THAN 8 FT.) ON FREEWAY OR EXPRESSWAY

NOVEMBER 2019
Rev. 2019V. 02
TAST-E7



[^0]:    END This sign shall be located a Maximum ROAD WORK G20-2 - distance of 500' (12 Skip Lines) past the work area.

